



Safety Data Sheet

ULTRA SOLIDS CONV COATING GLOSS







1. Identification

Product identifier	ULTRA SOLIDS CONV COATING GLOSS		
Product code	UL-0090		
Other means of identification	N.Av.		
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	A protective and/or decorative finish or accompanying paint product. Not recommended for any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label.		
Manufacturer	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036 USA Tel. 1-800-262-5710 Fax 1-405-262-9310 www.gemini-coatings.com		
Emergency phone number	24-hour Emergency (Spill, Leak, Exposure or accident) INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500 (French & English) HAZMAT Response and MSDS Help: EMI 800-510-8510		

2. Hazard identification

Summary	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.
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WHMIS 2015/OSHA HCS 2012/GHS

   	<p>Flammable liquids (Category 2) Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 2) Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1) Carcinogenicity (Category 2) Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B) Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (Category 3)</p>
<p>DANGER H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour H318: Causes serious eye damage H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child H315: Causes skin irritation H335: May cause respiratory irritation H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness H351: Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233: Keep container tightly closed.</p>	

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.
P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261: Avoid breathing vapours and spray.
P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.
P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water and soap or take a shower if necessary.
P332+313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.
P362+364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370+378: In case of fire: Use the National Fire Protection Association Class B extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P235+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
P405: Store locked up.
P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Common name	CAS	Weight % content
Butyl acetate (normal)	123-86-4	28 - 31 %
n-Propanol	71-23-8	11 - 13 %
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	9 - 11 %
Acetone	67-64-1	7 - 9 %
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	6 - 8 %
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	68002-18-6	5 - 7 %
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	3 - 5 %
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	2 - 4 %
n-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	1.5 - 2.5 %
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	1.5 - 2.5 %
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1 %

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Eye contact	IMMEDIATELY! Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. Seek medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses

	of water to drink. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.
Other	No information available.
Symptoms	May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. May cause redness, dryness or rash of the skin. May cause irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapours may cause central nervous system depression such as drowsiness, headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea and fatigue.
Notes to the physician	Treat symptomatically. If gastric lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Dried powder, carbon dioxide (CO ₂), class B fire extinguishing, alcohol foam. Do not use a heavy water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel to an ignition source distant from the material handling point. May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Do not apply to hot surfaces. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water spray can reduce the intensity of the flames. However, the water jets can spread the fire. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry in sewer and other enclosed area. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the area well. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Finish cleaning the contaminated surface by rinsing with soapy water.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Containers of this material may be hazardous even when empty. Since empty containers retain product residues (vapour, liquid), all hazard precautions given in this sheet must be observed. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toiletries. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). Store tightly closed and in properly labelled container in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep away from direct sunlight and heat.
Storage temperature	10 to 25°C (50 to 77°F)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	N-Butyl acetate: 1700 ppm. n-Propanol: 800 ppm. Acetone: 2500 ppm. Isopropyl alcohol: 2000 ppm. n-Butyl Alcohol: 1400 ppm. Isobutyl alcohol: 1600 ppm. Ethylbenzene: 800 ppm.			
Butyl acetate (normal)	STEL	200 ppm		ACGIH , ON
		200 ppm	950 mg/m ³	RSST
	TWA (8h)	20 ppm		BC
		150 ppm		ACGIH , ON
n-Propanol		150 ppm	713 mg/m ³	RSST
	STEL	250 ppm	614 mg/m ³	RSST (Pc)
	TWA (8h)	100 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		200 ppm	492 mg/m ³	RSST (Pc)
Acetone	STEL	500 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		1000 ppm	2380 mg/m ³	RSST
	TWA (8h)	250 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		500 ppm	1190 mg/m ³	RSST
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	STEL	75 ppm		BC
	TWA (8h)	50 ppm		BC , US AIHA
		50 ppm	270 mg/m ³	ON
Isopropyl alcohol	STEL	400 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		500 ppm	1230 mg/m ³	RSST
	TWA (8h)	200 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		400 ppm	983 mg/m ³	RSST
n-Butyl Alcohol	Ceiling	30 ppm		BC
		50 ppm	152 mg/m ³	RSST (Pc, RP)
	TWA (8h)	15 ppm		BC
		20 ppm		ACGIH , ON
Isobutyl alcohol	TWA (8h)	50 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		50 ppm	152 mg/m ³	RSST
Ethylbenzene	STEL	125 ppm	543 mg/m ³	RSST
	TWA (8h)	20 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		100 ppm	434 mg/m ³	RSST
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general or local exhaust) to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits.			
Individual protection measures				
Eye	Wear safety glasses with side shields. If there is a risk of contact with eyes, wear chemical splash goggles.			
Hands	Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves with tears, pinholes, or signs of wear. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands.			

Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. If necessary, wear an apron or long-sleeve protective coverall suit.
Respiratory	Respiratory protection is not required for normal use. Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in confined or enclosed space and for an assigned protection factor (APF) up to 10 times the exposure limit, wear a half mask respirator with organic vapour cartridges fitted with P100 filters. For an APF until maximum 100 times of exposure limit, wear a full face respirator mask with organic vapour cartridges and P100 filters.
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Flammable
Colour	Clear or coloured	Flammability limits	N/Av.
Odour	Solvent	Flash point	0°C (32°F)
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	170°C (338°F)
pH	N/Av.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	Yes
Melting point	N/Av.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	No
Freezing point	N/Av.	Vapour density	>1 (Air = 1)
Boiling point	56 to 241°C (132.8 to 465.8°F)	Relative density	0.957 kg/L (Water = 1)
Solubility	Partially soluble in water.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.
Evaporation rate	> Butyl Acetate	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.
Percent Volatile	65.98%	Molecular mass	N/Av.

N/Av.: Not Available N/Av.: Not Applicable Und.: Undetermined N/E: Not Established

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents (e.g. chlorine, fluorine, nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, nitrates, chlorates, chromates, permanganates and perchlorates), strong acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid), strong bases (e.g. hydroxides, solutions of ammonia, amines, carbonates).

Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity	<p>Butyl acetate (normal)</p> <p>n-Propanol</p> <p>Nitrocellulose</p> <p>Acetone</p> <p>Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate</p> <p>Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated</p> <p>Isopropyl alcohol</p> <p>Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate</p> <p>n-Butyl Alcohol</p> <p>Isobutyl alcohol</p> <p>Ethylbenzene</p>	<p>Ingestion 10768 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Inhalation >32.5 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin >17600 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 1870 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>5467 mg/kg Mouse LD50</p> <p>Inhalation 48 mg/l/4h Mouse LC50</p> <p>Skin 4060 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion >5000 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 5800 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Inhalation 71.4 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin 15800 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 8532 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Inhalation 28.7 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin >5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion >5000 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Skin >5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 5045 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>3600 mg/kg Mouse LD50</p> <p>Inhalation 66.1 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin 6280 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 9100 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Inhalation >5.7 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin 17297 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 790 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Inhalation 24.2 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin 3400 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 2460 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Inhalation 19.2 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin 3400 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p> <p>Ingestion 3500 mg/kg Rat LD50</p> <p>Inhalation 17.3 mg/l/4h Rat LC50</p> <p>Skin 15380 mg/kg Rabbit LD50</p>
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation, ingestion.	
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	<p>Eye contact</p> <p>Skin contact</p> <p>Inhalation</p> <p>Ingestion</p>	<p>May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. The single application of n-propanol (0.1 ml) causes severe conjunctivitis, with attack of the iris, corneal opacity and ulceration. Causes severe irritation reversible within 21 days (OECD 405). Eye Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit (OECD TG 405): tests performed with each ingredient of this mixture gave from not irritating to corrosive results.</p> <p>May cause redness, dryness, rash and skin irritation. Skin Irritation/Corrosion, Rabbit (OECD 404) : tests performed with each ingredient of this mixture gave not irritating to irritating results.</p> <p>Excessive inhalation is harmful. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of vapours may cause central nervous system depression such as drowsiness, headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea and fatigue. The severity of symptoms may vary depending on exposure conditions. Many reports with painters have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.</p> <p>Ingestion can cause abdominal pain, nausea, cramps, headache, dizziness, drowsiness and vomiting.</p>


Respiratory or skin sensitization	Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are not skin or respiratory sensitizers.
IARC/NTP Classification	Common name IARC NTP Ethylbenzene 2B - IARC : 1- Carcinogenic; 2A- Probably carcinogenic; 2B- Possibly carcinogenic. NTP : K- Known to be carcinogens; R- Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens.
Carcinogenicity	Contains a substance that can cause cancer based on animal data. The risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. There is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of occupational exposure as a painter (IARC Group 1). Occupational exposure as a painter causes mesothelioma, and cancers of the urinary bladder and lung (IARC Monographs, Volume 100F (2012)).
Mutagenicity	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects.
Reproductive toxicity	Paint has not been proven to be all teratogenic. However, exposures to harmful chemicals during pregnancy have been linked with an increased risk for spontaneous abortion, low birth weight, or preterm birth.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Central nervous system, respiratory system.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No target organ is listed.
Interactive effects	No information available for this product.
Other information	The oral and skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 2000 mg/kg. The acute toxicity estimates (ATE) by inhalation of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 20 mg/L/4h for vapours and to be greater than 5 mg/L/4h for the dusts and mists. These values are not classified according to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA HCS 2012.

12. Ecological information


Ecological toxicity	<p>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Rainbow trout LC50 4740 mg/L; 96 h (Acetone)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna EC50 12600-12700 mg/L; 48 h (Acetone)</p> <p>Fish - Fathead minnow, Pimephales promelas - fresh water LC50 9640 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 67-63-0)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Crustaceans, Daphnia Magna EC50 3644 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 67-63-0)</p> <p>Plant - Lettuce seed germination, Lactuca Sativa EC50 2100 mg/L; 72 h (CAS no 67-63-0)</p> <p>Algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata EC50 579 mg/L; 96 h (Nitrocellulose)</p> <p>Fish - Pimephales promelas [static] LC50 1376 mg/L; 96 h (n-Butyl alcohol)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna EC50 1983 mg/L; 48 h (n-Butyl alcohol)</p> <p>Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus EC50 >500 mg/L; 72 h (n-Butyl alcohol)</p> <p>Fish - Lepomis macrochirus [static] LC50 0.48-0.85 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 103-23-1)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna EC50 >1.6 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 103-23-1)</p> <p>Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus EC50 >500 mg/L; 72 h (CAS no 103-23-1)</p> <p>Fish - Pimephales promelas [flow-through] LC50 18 mg/L; 96h (Butyl acetate)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna EC50 44 mg/L; 48 h (n-Butyl acetate)</p> <p>Algae, Desmodesmus subspicatus EC50 675 mg/L; 72h (Butyl acetate)</p> <p>Fish - Pimephales promelas - Fresh water LC50 1370-1670 mg/L; 96 h (Isobutyl alcohol)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna EC50 1300 mg/L; 48 h (Isobutyl alcohol)</p> <p>Fish - Pimephales promelas [flow-through] LC50 4480 mg/L; 96 h (n-Propanol)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna EC50 3642 mg/L; 48 h (n-Propanol)</p> <p>Fish - Pimephales promelas [static] LC50 161 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 108-65-6)</p> <p>Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna EC50 >500 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 108-65-6)</p>
Persistence	Contains an or many ingredients that may be persistent in aquatic environment.
Degradability	

	The product is a mixture of which some ingredients are readily biodegradable (> 60% in 28 days) while other ingredients are not readily biodegradable (<60% in 28 days).
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is a mixture of which some ingredients have a low bioaccumulation potential (Log Kow of <3 and / or BCF <500) while other ingredients have some potential to bioaccumulate (Log Kow of >3 and / or BCF >500).
Mobility in soil	The product is a mixture of which some ingredients evaporate very easily from the surface of the soil. Moreover, some ingredients have very high mobility in soil, while other ingredients have moderate to low mobility in soil.
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer.

13. Disposal considerations

Container 	Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. DO NOT puncture, cut, heat or burn container, even after use. Paint residues, including lacquers, dyes, shellacs, varnishes, paint solvents and thinners, can be reprocessed where there is a recovery program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.
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14. Transport information

UN Number	UN 1263
UN Proper Shipping Name	PAINT
Environmental hazards	This material does not contain marine pollutant.
Special precautions for user	Permit required for transportation with proper DANGER placards displayed on vehicle.
TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)	
Transport hazard class(es)	 Class 3
Packing group	II
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Transport	
Classification	UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG II. Emergency schedules (EmS-No) F-E, S-E
IATA - International Air Transport Association	
Classification	UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG II.
<small>These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.</small>	

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
Butyl acetate (normal)	123-86-4	X	X		X
n-Propanol	71-23-8	X	X		X
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0		X		
Acetone	67-64-1		X		
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	X	X		X
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	68002-18-6		X		
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	X	X		X
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1		X		X
n-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	X	X		X
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	X	X		X
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	X	X		X

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act
- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

Common name	CAS	TSCA	CER CLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	CWA 311	CWA Prio.
Butyl acetate (normal)	123-86-4	X	X						X	
n-Propanol	71-23-8	X							X	
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	X								
Acetone	67-64-1	X	X			X				
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	X								
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	68002-18-6	X								
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	X		X						
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	X								
n-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	X	X	X					X	
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	X	X							
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	X	X	X		X	X		X	X

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances
- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals
- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances
- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant
- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants
- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act - Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention
- CWA 311: Clean Water Act - List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act - Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

Common name	CAS	Cancer	Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity
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Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	X	
Other regulations			
	<p>WHMIS 1988</p> <p>B2 D2A D2B Class B2 : Flammable Liquid Class D2A : Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D2B : Toxic material causing other toxic effects</p> <p>HMIS</p> <p>3 Health 3 Flammability 1 Reactivity X Protective Equipment</p> <p>NFPA</p>		

16. Other information

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2017-05-26
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Version	01
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Other information	<p>REFERENCES:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php - TOXNET Databases, Toxicology Data Network, NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine, http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca - IPCS INCHEM, Chemical Safety Information from Intergovernmental Organizations, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Copyright International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), http://www.inchem.org - NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html - OECD Existing Chemicals Database, Chemicals Screening Information DataSet (SIDS) for High Volume Chemicals, UNEP publications, http://webnet.oecd.org/HPV/UI/Search.aspx <p>ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec) GHS: Globally Harmonized System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System</p>
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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither Prizventis System nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole

responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.