

# Safety Data Sheet 550 VOC PC NON STEARATED SEALER



1. Identification	1. Identification			
Product identifier	550 VOC PC NON STEARATED SEALER			
Product code	PCS550-0100			
Other means of identification	N/Av.			
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	PAINT.			
Manufacturer	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036 USA Tel. 1-800-262-5710 Fax 1-405-262-9310 www.gemini-coatings.com			
Emergency phone number	INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500 (French & English) 24-hour HAZMAT Response and MSDS help: EMI 800-510-8510			

## 2. Hazard identification

Summary DANGER! FLAMABLE LIQUID! TOXIC! Skin, eyes and respiratory tracts irritant. May be harmful by inhalation or if absorbed through the skin. May cause central nervous system effects. Contains a substance that can cause target organ damage, according to data obtained on animals. Contains a substance that can cause cancer based on animal data. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. After use, wash hands with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### WHMIS 2015/OSHA HCS 2012/GHS



Flammable liquids (Category 2)
Skin irritation (Category 2)
Eye irritation (Category 2A)
Carcinogenicity (Category 2)
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, Narcotic effects (Category 3)

DANGER

- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation
- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351: Suspected of causing cancer
- P201: Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe mist, vapours and spray.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water and soap or take a shower if necessary.

P332+313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P362+364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+378: In case of fire: Use chemical foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

P403+P235+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. Composition/information on ingredients				
Common name	CAS	Weight % content		
Acetone	67-64-1	15 - 40 %		
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	10 - 30 %		
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	5 - 10 %		
Butyl acetate (normal)	123-86-4	5 - 10 %		
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	3 - 7 %		
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	68002-18-6	3 - 7 %		
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	1 - 5 %		
N,N'-Ethylene distearamide	110-30-5	1 - 5 %		
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5 %		
n-Propyl acetate	109-60-4	1 - 5 %		
Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	1 - 5 %		
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	1 - 5 %		
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.5 - 1.5 %		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1 %		

4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.		
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.		
Eye contact	IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. Seek medical attention immediately.		
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level to prevent aspiration		

	into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.
Other	No information available.
Symptoms	No information available.
Notes to the physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	dried powder, carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol resistant foam, Do not use a heavy water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	NFPA: Class IB Flammable liquid. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel to an ignition source distant from the material handling point. May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.		
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Water stream can scatter and spread fire. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.		

6. Accidental release measures			
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.		
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry in sewer and other enclosed area. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the area well. Stay against the wind spill. Make sure you have a fire extinguisher near you. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) or wipe up or scrape up and place in an appropriate waste disposal container clearly identified. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Finish cleaning the contaminated surface by rinsing with soapy water.		

7. Handling and	storage
Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Ground/bond all containers when transfering large quantities (5 gallons US or 20 L and more). Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapour or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Containers of this material may be hazardous even when empty. Since empty containers retain product residues (vapour, liquid), all hazard precautions given in this sheet must be observed. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toiletries. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). NFPA: Class IB Flammable liquid. Store tightly closed and in properly labelled container in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10).

8. Exposure cont	rols/personal p	rotection			
Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	Acetone: 2500 ppm. Ethylbenzene: 800 ppm Isopropyl alcohol: 2000 n-Butyl acetate: 1700 p Ethyl alcohol: 3300 ppm n-Propyl acetate: 1700 Methyl n-amyl ketone: Isobutyl alcohol: 1600 Synthetic Amorphous F Xylenes: 900 ppm.	n. ) ppm. ppm. n. ppm. 800 ppm. ppm. Fumed Silica: 3000	mg/m3.		
Acetone	STEL TWA (8h)		500 ppm 750 ppm 1000 ppm 1000 ppm 250 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm	2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1190 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH , BC AB , ON RSST OSHA ACGIH , BC AB , ON RSST OSHA
Ethyl Alcohol	STEL TWA (8h)		1000 ppm 1000 ppm 1000 ppm 1000 ppm	1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH , BC, ON AB , RSST OSHA
Butyl acetate (normal)	STEL TWA (8h)		200 ppm 200 ppm 20 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH , ON AB , OSHA, RSST BC ACGIH , ON OSHA
Methyl n-amyl ketone	TWA (8h)		150 ppm 25 ppm 50 ppm 50 ppm 100 ppm	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 115 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AB , RSST ON ACGIH , BC AB , RSST OSHA
Isopropyl alcohol	STEL		400 ppm 400 ppm 500 ppm	984 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1230 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH , BC, ON AB RSST
	TWA (8h)		200 ppm 200 ppm 400 ppm 400 ppm	492 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 983 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH , BC, ON AB OSHA RSST
Synthetic Amorphous Fun	ned Silica TWA (8h)	Respirable Dust Respirable Dust Total Dust Respirable Dust Total Dust		1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BC ACGIH , ON BC RSST ACGIH , ON
N,N'-Ethylene distearamid	le TWA (8h)	Respirable Dust Total Dust		3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH ACGIH
Isobutyl alcohol	TWA (8h)		50 ppm 50 ppm 100 ppm	- 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH , BC, ON AB , RSST OSHA
n-Propyl acetate	STEL		250 ppm 250 ppm	1040 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH , BC, ON AB , RSST

	TWA (8h)	200 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		200 ppm	835 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AB , RSST
		200 ppm	840 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA
Xylene	STEL	150 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON, OSHA
		150 ppm	651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AB , RSST
	TWA (8h)	100 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON, OSHA
		100 ppm	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AB , RSST
Ethylbenzene	STEL	125 ppm	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AB , RSST
	TWA (8h)	20 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
		100 ppm	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AB , RSST
		100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general or local exhaust) to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits.			
Individual protection measures				
Eye	Wear safety glasses. If there is a risk of contact with eyes, wear chemical splash goggles.			
Hands	In case of prolonged contact wear neoprene or nitrile gloves. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves with tears, pinholes, or signs of wear. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. Wash gloves with water before removing them. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly.			
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear a long-sleeved shirt. Wear synthetic apron, if necessary, to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with skin.			
Respiratory	Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in enclosed area until maximum 10 times of exposure limit, wear half mask respirator with organic vapors cartridges and fitted with a particulate filter. Use a dust particle mask when sanding.			
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.			

9. Physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Flammable.	
Colour	White or colored	Flammability limits	1.11 to 12.8%	
Odour	Solvent odor	Flash point	-17.8°C (0°F)	
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	N/Av.	
рН	N/Ap.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	Yes	
Melting point	N/Av.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	N.Av.	
Freezing point	N/Av.	Vapour density	>1 (Air = 1)	
Boiling point	56.1°C (133°F)	Relative density	0.9 kg/L (Water = 1)	
Solubility	No	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.	
Evaporation rate	> Butyl Acetate		N/Av.	

			Decomposition temperature	
Vapour pressure	N/Av.		Viscosity	N/Av.
Percent Volatile	79.03%		Molecular mass	N/Ap.
N/Av.: N	ot Available	N/Ap.: Not Applicable	Und.: Undetermined	N/E: Not Established

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidants, strong bases, mineral acids, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	In combustion: nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

# 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity	Acetone	Ingestion Inhalation Skin	5800 mg/kg 71.4 mg/l/4h 15800 mg/kg	Rat Rat Rabbit	LD50 LC50 LD50
	Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion Inhalation	7060 mg/kg 39 mg/l/4h	Rat Mouse	LD50 LC50
	Butyl acetate (normal)	Skin Ingestion	20000 mg/kg 10768 mg/kg	Rabbit Rat	LD50 LD50
		Inhalation Skin	>32.5 mg/l/4h >17600 mg/kg	Rat Rabbit	LC50 LD50
	Nitrocellulose	Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
	Methyl n-amyl ketone	Ingestion	1670 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
		Inhalation	<18.7 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
			>9.34 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
		Skin	10220 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
		Skin	>5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	n-Propyl acetate	Ingestion	8700 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
		Inhalation	>16.7 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
		Skin	>17800 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	Ingestion	9100 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
		Inhalation	>5.7 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
		Skin	17297 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	Isobutyl alcohol	Ingestion	2460 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
		Inhalation	19.2 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
		Skin	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	Isopropyl alcohol	Ingestion	5045 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
		Inhalation	66.1 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
		Skin	6280 mg/kg	Rat	
	N,N'-Ethylene distearamide	Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
		Inhalation	>14.6 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
		Skin	>20000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50

	Synthetic Amorphou	s Fumed Silica	Ingestion Inhalation	>5000 mg/kg >2.08 mg/l/4h	Rat Rat	LD50 LC50
	Xylene		Skin Ingestion Inhalation	>5000 mg/kg 3523 mg/kg 27.6 mg/l/4h	Rabbit Rat Rat	LD50 LD50 LC50
	Ethylbenzene		Skin Ingestion Inhalation Skin	3200 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg 17.3 mg/l/4h 15380 mg/kg	Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit	LD50 LD50 LC50 LD50
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalatio	n, ingestion.				
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact Skin contact	May cause eye irritation. May cause slight irritation drying and cracking of the cause harmful amounts c	n of the skir e skin. Wid of material t	n. Prolonged ar espread contac o be absorbed.	nd repea ct with s	ated contact may cause kin for several hours can
	Inhalation	Excessive inhalation is ha concentrations may caus headache, dizziness, nau severity of symptoms ma exposure may cause dan	armful. May e central n usea, fatigu y vary depo nage to live	γ cause slight u ervous system e, drowsiness, ending on expo er, kidneys, lunα	pper re depress uncons sure co gs and b	spiratory tract irritation. High sion characterized by ciousness. asphyxia. The nditions. Prolonged blood forming organs.
	Ingestion	May cause gastro-intestir that can cause target org	nal irritatior an damage	with nausea a e, according to	nd vom data ob	iting. Contains a substance tained on animals.
	IARC/NTP	Common name IARC N	ТР	, C		
	Classification	Ethylbenzene 2B IARC : 1- Carcinogenic; 2A- Probabl NTP : K- Known to be carcinogens; I	- y carcinogenic; R- Reasonably ;	2B- Possibly carcinog anticipated to be carci	jenic. nogens.	
	Carcinogenicity	Contains an ingredient po Ethylbenzene (CAS no. 1 of exposure.	ossibly card 00-41-4). <sup>-</sup>	cinogenic to hu The risk of cano	mans (C cer depe	Group 2B, IARC). ands on duration and level
	Teratogenicity	This material is not know	n to cause	teratogenic effe	ect.	
	Mutagenicity	This material is not know	n to cause	mutagenic effe	ct.	
	Reproductive toxicity	This material is not know	n to cause	effects on repr	oduction	٦.
	Immunotoxicity	No information available.				
Interactive effects	No information availa	able for this product.				
Other information	Target organs: centr estimate (ATE) by in classified according to be greater than 20 2012.	al nervous system, kidneys halation of the mixture was to GHS. The oral and skin )00 mg/kg. These values a	s, liver, lung s calculated acute toxic re not class	gs. blood formir I to be greater f ity estimates ( <i>A</i> sified according	ng orgai than 20 ATE) of g to WH	ns. The acute toxicity mg/L/4h. This value is not the mixture were calculated MIS 2015 and OSHA HCS

12. Ecological information		
Ecological toxicity	N/Av. LC50 N/Av.	
Persistence	No information available for this product.	
Degradability	No information available for this product.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available for this product.	
Mobility in soil	No information available for this product.	
Other adverse effects	No information available for this product.	

### 13. Disposal considerations



Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. Paint residues including lacquer, thinner, stain, shellac, varnish, polish can be reprocessed everywhere there is a recycling program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport information		
UN Number	UN 1263	
UN Proper Shipping Name	PAINT	
Environmental hazards	This material is not listed as a marine pollutant.	
Special precautions for user	No information available.	
TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3	
Packing group	П	
IMO/IMDG - Internationa	I Maritime Transport	
Classification	Regulated UN 1263. Class 3, PG II.	
IATA - International Air	Transport Association	
Classification	Regulated UN 1263. Class 3, PG II.	
These transportation classifications a transportation classification and pack	re provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper aging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.	

## 15. Regulatory information

Other regulations	UNITED STATE OF AMERICA: - Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) : All ingredients are listed in the TSCA Inventory. - EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: Ethylbenzene (CAS no. 100-41-4). Xylenes (CAS no. 1330-20-7). - California Proposition 65: Contains ingredients that can cause cancer according to the state of California. Ethylbenzene (CAS no. 100-41-4). CANADA : - Canada DSL and NDSL: All ingredients are listed in the Domestic Substances List (DSL). - Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances (NPRI): Ethylbenzene (CAS no. 100-41-4). Isopropyl alcohol (CAS no. 67-63-0). Ethyl acchael (CAS no. 123-86-4). Isobutyl alcohol (CAS no. 78-83-1). Yutenzen (CAS no. 120-27).
	Xylenes (CAS no. 1330-20-7).

Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate (CAS no. 103-23-1).
WHMIS 1988 D2A D2B D2A D2B Class B2 : Flammable Liquid Class D2A : Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Class D2B : Toxic material causing other toxic effects
HMIS     NFPA       2 Heath     3 Flamability       3 Reactivity     2       1 Protective Equipment

16. Other inf	formation
Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2014-04-07
Version	01
Other information	REFERENCES: - NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html - IPCS INCHEM, Chemical Safety Information from Intergovernmental Organizations, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Copyright International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), http://www.inchem.org - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca - IUCLID Chemical Dataset, European Chemical Substances Information System (ESIS), Joint Research Centre, http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association MMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Institute for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
	liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.