

Safety Data Sheet NEXUS 275 VOC PRE-CAT DULL



1. Identification	
Product identifier	NEXUS 275 VOC PRE-CAT DULL
Product code	PC275-0020
Other means of identification	None.
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	A protective and/or decorative finish or accompanying product. Not recommended for any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label.
Manufacturer	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036 USA Tel. 1-800-262-5710 Fax 1-405-262-9310 http://www.gemini-coatings.com/
Emergency phone number	24-hour Emergency (spill, leak, exposure or accident) INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500 (French & English) HAZMAT Response and SDS Help: EMI 800-510-8510

2. Hazard identification

Summary

Extremely flammable liquid and vapors. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors and aerosols. Do not ingest. If medical advice is needed, have this SDS or label at hand. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. P.S.: The SIMDUT 2015/GHS hazards classification in this SDS is provided by the manufacturer using a Worst-Case Scenario.

WHMIS 2015/GHS/OSHA HCS 2012









Flammable liquids (Category 1) Acute toxicity, dermal (Category 3)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 2)

Skin sensitizer (Category 1)

Carcinogenicity (Category 2)

Reproductive toxicity (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (Category 3)

DANGER

H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapour

H311: Toxic in contact with skin

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351: Suspected of causing cancer

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H316: Causes mild skin irritation

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing vapours and spray.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P304+P340+P312: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use the National Fire Protection Association Class B extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 3).

3. Composition/information on ingredients			
Common name	CAS	Weight % content	
Acetone	67-64-1	45 - 70 %	
1-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	98-56-6	10 - 30 %	
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	5 - 10 %	
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	68002-19-7	1 - 5 %	
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	1 - 5 %	
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5 %	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	1 - 5 %	
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	1 - 5 %	
AL - T. C. WILLIAM			

Note: The manufacturer withholds the actual concentration range of the ingredients as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures		
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.	
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.	
Eye contact		

	IMMEDIATELY! Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.
Other	No additional information.
Symptoms	May cause redness and irritation to the eyes. May cause an allergic reaction of the skin. May cause headache, drowsiness or dizziness. May cause dry skin and slight irritation.
Notes to the physician	Treat symptomatically. If gastric lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. Fire-fighting r	neasures
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemicals, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use a heavy water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Extremely flammable liquid and vapors. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel to an ignition source distant from the material handling point. May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Do not apply to hot surfaces.
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water spray can reduce the intensity of the flames. However, the water jets can spread the fire.

6. Accidental rel	6. Accidental release measures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.		
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry into sewers, closed areas and release to the environment. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the area well. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Finish cleaning the contaminated surface by rinsing with soapy water.		

7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors and aerosols. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. After use, wash hands with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	

	Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). Store tightly closed and in properly labelled container in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep away from direct sunlight and heat.
Storage temperature	10 to 25°C (50 to 77°F)

8. Exposure cor	ntrols/per	sonal protec	tion			
Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	Acetone: 250 Methyl n-amy	-				
Acetone		STEL	500 ppm		ACGIH, BC, ON	
			1000 ppm	2380 mg/m ³	RSST	
		TWA (8h)	250 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON	
			500 ppm	1190 mg/m ³	RSST	
1-Chloro-4-(trifluorometh	nyl)benzene	TWA (8h)	20 ppm		Other	
Isopropyl alcohol		STEL	400 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON	
			500 ppm	1230 mg/m ³	RSST	
		TWA (8h)	200 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON	
			400 ppm	983 mg/m ³	RSST	
n-Butyl alcohol		Ceiling	30 ppm		ВС	
			50 ppm	152 mg/m ³	RSST	
		TWA (8h)	15 ppm		BC	
		T14/4 (01.)	20 ppm		ACGIH , ON	
Methyl n-amyl ketone		TWA (8h)	25 ppm	115 mg/m ³	ON ACCUL BO	
			50 ppm	000 / 3	ACGIH , BC	
	1		50 ppm	233 mg/m ³	RSST	
Appropriate engineering controls				or local exhaust) to ke below their respective	ep the airborne occupational exposure	
Individual protection m	neasures					
Eye	In the workpl chemical spla		lasses with side shi	elds. If there is a risk	of contact with eyes, wear	
Hands		Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves with tears, pinholes, or signs of wear. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands.				
Skin	and the risks	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. If necessary, wear an apron or long-sleeve protective coverall suit.				
Respiratory	respirator, it is equipment (Figure and standard NIOSH/MSH protection factors vapour cartrices)	s necessary to follow the select (IPE) must be select (IPE) must be select (IPE) and the select (IPE) and the select (IPE) are to 10 dges fitted with P10 dges fitted with P10 dges fitted with P10 dges fitted with P10 dges	ow a respiratory procted, fitted, maintair (OSHA), ANSI Z88 icient ventilation or times the exposure 00 filters. For an AF	otection program. Mor ned and inspected in a 8.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (C in confined or enclose e limit, wear a half ma	ons in the workplace require a eover, respiratory protection accordance with regulations canada) and approved by ed space and for an assigned sk respirator with organic times of exposure limit, wear s.	
Feet	Wear rubber	boots to clean up a	a spill.			

9. Physical and	chemical properties		
Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Flammable
Colour	Coloured	Flammability limits	N/Av.
Odour	Solvent	Flash point	0°C (32°F)
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	170°C (338°F)
рН	N/Ap.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	Yes
Melting point	N/Av.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	No
Freezing point	N/Av.	Vapour density	>1 (Air = 1)
Boiling point	34 to 214°C (93.2 to 417.2°F)	Relative density	0.9225 kg/L (Water = 1)
Solubility	Partially soluble in water.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.
Evaporation rate	< Acetate de butyle	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.
Percent Wt. Volatile	76.9486%	Molecular mass	N/Ap.
VOC (g/L)	71.2066 g/L	% Volume Volatile (VOC)	8.7870%
VOC (lb/gal)	0.5942 lb/gal	% Wt. Volatile (VOC)	7.7358%
N/Av.: N	Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable	Und.: Undetermined	N/E: Not Established

10. Stability and reac	tivity
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid static discharges. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents (e.g. chlorine, fluorine, nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, nitrates, chlorates, chromates, permanganates and perchlorates), strong bases (e.g. hydroxides, solutions of ammonia, amines, carbonates), strong acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid).
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

	ogical informat					
Numerical	Mixture		Inhalation	65 mg/l	Rat	LC50
measures of			Skin	386 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
toxicity	Acetone		Ingestion	5800 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
			Inhalation	71.4 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
			Skin	15800 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	1-Chloro-4-(trifluoron	ethyl)benzene	Ingestion		Rat	LD50
	· ·	• /	Inhalation	22 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
				20 mg/l/4h	Mouse	LC50
			Skin	>3300 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	Nitrocellulose		Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adi	oate		9100 mg/kg		LD50
				>5.7 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	17297 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	n-Butyl alcohol		Ingestion	790 mg/kg		LD50
				24.2 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	Isopropyl alcohol			5045 mg/kg		LD50
			nigoodion.	3600 mg/kg	Mouse	
			Inhalation	66.1 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	6280 mg/kg		LD50
	Methyl n-amyl ketone			1670 mg/kg		LD50
	Wethyr ir arryr Ketoric			>9.34 mg/l/4h		LC50
			iiiiaiatioii	<18.7 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	10220 mg/kg		
_			JKIII	10220 Hig/kg	TIADDII	LD30
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation					
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact	•	TG 405):	tests performe		red vision. Eye Irritation/Corrosion, each ingredient (>1%) of this mixture
	Skin contact	•	•		edness	dryness rash and slight skin irritation
	Okiii contact	Toxic in contact with skin. May cause redness, dryness, rash and slight ski Prolonged and repeated contact may cause dry skin, irritation or dermatitis				
		osion, Rabbit (OECD 404): tests performed with each ingredient of this not irritating to irritating results.				
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		Inhalation of w	7			un avetem depression auch es
	iiiiaiatioii		apours ma	y cause centra	al nervo	us system depression such as
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	Ingestion	drowsiness, he symptoms ma cause damage reports with pa overexposure Ingestion can	apours ma eadache, c y vary dep e to damag ainters hav to solvents	ly cause centralizziness, vertiending on exp ge to liver, kidn e associated results with permaner	al nervo go, nau posure c neys, lur repeated ent brair	sea and fatigue. The severity of onditions. Prolonged exposure may ags and blood forming organs. Many d and prolonged occupational and nervous system damage.
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	Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Specific target organ toxicity -	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects. Major malformations have been reported in infants born of women who had been working with solvent-based paints (oil-based paints) during pregnancy. Therefore, long-term exposure to solvent-based paints that may occur in occupational life can affect a developing baby (American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 1980). Central nervous system.
	repeated exposure	
Interactive effects	No information availa	ble for this product.
Other information	No information availa	ble for this product.

12. Ecologic	eal information						
Ecological	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Rainbow trout	LC50	4740 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 67-64-1)				
toxicity	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna	EC50	12600-12700 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 67-64-1)				
	Fish - Danio rerio	LC50	3 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 98-56-6) OECD 203				
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna (semi-static)	EC50	2 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 98-56-6)				
	Algea, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	EC50	579 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 9004-70-0)				
	Fish - Pimephales promelas [flow-through]		126-137 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 110-43-0)				
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna (semi-static)	EC50	>90.1 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 110-43-0)				
	Fish - Fathead minnow, Pimephales promelas - fresh water	LC50	9640 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 67-63-0)				
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Crustaceans, Daphnia Magna	EC50	3644 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 67-63-0)				
	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus [static]	LC50	0.48-0.85 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 103-23-1)				
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna	EC50	>1.6 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 103-23-1)				
	Fish - Pimephales promelas [static]	LC50	1376 mg/L; 96 h (CAS no 71-36-3)				
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia magna	EC50	1983 mg/L; 48 h (CAS no 71-36-3)				
Persistence	The product contains components that may persist in the	environ	ment.				
Degradability	The product is a mixture of which some ingredients are re other ingredients are not readily biodegradable (<60% in 2	•	• ,				
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is a mixture of which some ingredients have a and / or BCF <500) while other ingredients have some por BCF >500).		, ,				
Mobility in soil	The product is a mixture of which some ingredients evapo Moreover, some ingredients have very high mobility in soi in soil.						
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer.						

13. Disposal considerations



Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. Paint residues, including lacquers, dyes, shellacs, varnishes, paint solvents and thinners, can be reprocessed where there is a recovery program. Residues and empty containers must be considered as hazardous waste. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport in	formation
UN Number	UN 1263
UN Proper Shipping Name	PAINT
Environmental hazards	This material does not contain marine pollutant.
Special precautions for user	Permit required for transportation with proper DANGER placards displayed on vehicle.
TDG - Transportation of	of Dangerous Goods (Canada & US DOT)
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3
Packing group	II
IMO/IMDG - Internation	nal Maritime Transport
Classification	UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG II. Emergency schedules (EmS-No) F-E, S-E
IATA - International Ai	r Transport Association
Classification	UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG II.
	s are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper ckaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
Acetone	67-64-1		Х		
1-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	98-56-6		X		
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0		X		
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	68002-19-7		X		
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0		X		
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Х	Х		Х
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	Х	Х		Х
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	Х	Х		Х

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act
- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory
- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

Common name	CAS	IISC:A	CER CLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	CWA 311	CWA Prio.
Acetone	67-64-1	Χ	Χ			Χ				
1-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	98-56-6	Χ								
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	Χ								
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated	68002-19-7	X								
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	Χ								
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	Χ		X						
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	Χ								
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	Χ	X	X					X	

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances
- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals
- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances
- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant
- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants
- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention
- CWA 311: Clean Water Act List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

Common name	CAS	Cancer	Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity
1-Chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	98-56-6	X	

Other regulations



Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2023-03-15
Version	01
Other information	- The GHS hazards classification in this SDS is from the original SDS provided by the manufacturer. REFERENCES: - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, https://haz-map.com/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), https://www.cnesst.gouv.qc.ca/fr - NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html - The National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Institutes of Health (NIH), U.S. National Library of Medicine, https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov - IPCS INCHEM, Chemical Safety Information from Intergovernmental Organizations, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Copyright International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), http://www.inchem.org - OECD Existing Chemicals Database, Chemicals Screening Information DataSet (SIDS) for High Volume

Chemicals, UNEP publications, http://webnet.oecd.org/HPV/UI/Search.aspx

- The National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Institutes of Health (NIH), U.S. National Library of Medicine, https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min)

TWA: Time Weighted Averages

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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