

Safety Data Sheet NEXUS CLEAR SATIN PRECAT LACQUER



1. Identification	
Product identifier	NEXUS CLEAR SATIN PRECAT LACQUER
Product code	PC-0430
Other means of identification	N/Av.
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	PAINT.
Manufacturer	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036 USA Tel. 1-800-262-5710 Fax 1-405-262-9310 www.gemini-coatings.com
Emergency phone number	INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500 (French & English) 24-hour HAZMAT Response and MSDS help: EMI 800-510-8510

2. Hazard identification

Summary

DANGER! FLAMABLE LIQUID! TOXIC! Skin, eyes and respiratory tracts irritant. May be harmful by inhalation or if absorbed through the skin. May cause central nervous system effects. Contains a substance that can cause target organ damage, according to data obtained on animals. Contains ingredient possibly carcinogenic to humans. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. After use, wash hands with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

WHMIS 2015/OSHA HCS 2012/GHS







Flammable liquids (Category 2)

Skin irritation (Category 2) Eye irritation (Category 2)

Carcinogenicity (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (Category 3)

DANGER

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

H315: Causes skin irritation

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H351: Suspected of causing cancer

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing mist, vapours and spray.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water and soap or take a shower if necessary.

P332+313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P362+364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+378: In case of fire: Use chemical foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

P403+P235+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. Composition/information on ingredients				
Common name	CAS	Weight % content		
Butyl acetate (normal)	123-86-4	30 - 60 %		
Acetone	67-64-1	7 - 13 %		
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	7 - 13 %		
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	5 - 10 %		
n-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	3 - 7 %		
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	68002-18-6	3 - 7 %		
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate	103-23-1	1 - 5 %		
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5 %		
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5 %		
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	1 - 5 %		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1 - 1 %		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1 %		

4. First-aid ı	4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.			
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.			
Eye contact	IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. Seek medical attention immediately.			
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.			

Other	No information available.
Symptoms	No information available.
Notes to the physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures				
Suitable extinguishing media	dried powder, carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol resistant foam, Do not use a heavy water jet.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	NFPA: Class IB Flammable liquid. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel to an ignition source distant from the material handling point. May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.			
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Water stream can scatter and spread fire. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.			

6. Accidental release measures				
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.			
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry in sewer and other enclosed area. For a large spill, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.			
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the area well. Stay against the wind spill. Make sure you have a fire extinguisher near you. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) or wipe up or scrape up and place in an appropriate waste disposal container clearly identified. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Finish cleaning the contaminated surface by rinsing with soapy water.			

7. Handling and	storage
Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Use non-sparking and antistatic tools. Ground/bond all containers when transfering large quantities (5 gallons US or 20 L and more). Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapour or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Containers of this material may be hazardous even when empty. Since empty containers retain product residues (vapour, liquid), all hazard precautions given in this sheet must be observed. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toiletries. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). NFPA: Class IB Flammable liquid. Store tightly closed and in properly labelled container in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10).
Storage temperature	10 to 25°C (50 to 77°F)

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	Acetone: 2500 ppm. Ethylbenzene: 800 ppm. Xylenes: 900 ppm. Isopropyl alcohol: 2000 pp n-Butyl acetate: 1700 ppm Ethyl alcohol: 3300 ppm. n-Butyl Alcohol: 1400 ppm Isobutyl alcohol: 1600 ppm			
Butyl acetate (normal)	STEL	200 ppm		ACGIH , ON
		200 ppm	950 mg/m ³	AB , RSST
	TWA (8h)	20 ppm		BC
		150 ppm		ACGIH , ON
		150 ppm	713 mg/m ³	AB , RSST
Acetone	STEL	500 ppm		ACGIH , BC
		750 ppm		AB , ON
		1000 ppm	2380 mg/m ³	RSST
	TWA (8h)	250 ppm		ACGIH , BC
		500 ppm		AB , ON
		500 ppm	1190 mg/m ³	RSST
Ethyl Alcohol	STEL	1000 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
	TWA (8h)	1000 ppm	1880 mg/m ³	AB , RSST
n-Butyl Alcohol	Ceiling	30 ppm		BC
		50 ppm	152 mg/m ³	RSST (Pc, RP)
	TWA (8h)	15 ppm		BC
		20 ppm		ACGIH , ON
		20 ppm	60 mg/m ³	AB
Isopropyl alcohol	STEL	400 ppm	-	ACGIH, BC, ON
		400 ppm	984 mg/m ³	AB
		500 ppm	1230 mg/m ³	RSST
	TWA (8h)	200 ppm		ACGIH, BC, ON
		200 ppm	492 mg/m ³	AB
		400 ppm	983 mg/m ³	RSST
Xylene	STEL	150 ppm	-	ACGIH, BC, ON
		150 ppm	651 mg/m ³	AB , RSST
	TWA (8h)	100 ppm	-	ACGIH, BC, ON
	, ,	100 ppm	434 mg/m ³	AB, RSST
Isobutyl alcohol	TWA (8h)	50 ppm	-	ACGIH, BC, ON
-	. ,	50 ppm	152 mg/m ³	AB, RSST
Ethylbenzene	STEL	125 ppm	543 mg/m ³	AB, RSST
	TWA (8h)	20 ppm	-	ACGIH, BC, ON
		100 ppm	434 mg/m ³	AB, RSST
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA (8h)	25 ppm	-	ACGIH, BC, ON
-	, ,	25 ppm	123 mg/m ³	AB, RSST
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient mechani concentrations of vapours, limits.			keep the airborne ctive occupational exposure
Individual protection me	easures			
Eye	Wear safety glasses. If the	ere is a risk of con	tact with eyes, wear cher	mical splash goggles.
Hands	In case of prolonged conta	ot woor noonrone	or pitrilo glavas. Poforo	using user should confirm

	clean hands. Wash gloves with water before removing them. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly.
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. Wear synthetic apron, if necessary, to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with skin.
Respiratory	Where the conditions in the workplace require a respirator, it is necessary to follow a respiratory protection program. Moreover, respiratory protection equipment (RPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and standard 29 CFR 1910.134 (OSHA), ANSI Z88.2 or CSA Z 94.11 (Canada) and approved by NIOSH/MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in enclosed area until maximum 10 times of exposure limit, wear half mask respirator with organic vapors cartridges and fitted with a particulate filter. Use a dust particle mask when sanding.
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.

9. Physical and chemical properties					
Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Flammable.		
Colour	Clear or coloured	Flammability limits	1.4 to 12.8%		
Odour	Solvent odor	Flash point	-17°C (1.4°F) Tagliabue closed cup		
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	N/Av.		
рН	N/Ap.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	Yes		
Melting point	N/Av.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	N.Av.		
Freezing point	N/Av.	Vapour density	>1 (Air = 1)		
Boiling point	56.1°C (133°F)	Relative density	0.93 kg/L (Water = 1)		
Solubility	No	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.		
Evaporation rate	> Butyl Acetate	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.		
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.		
Percent Volatile	79.9%	Molecular mass	N/Ap.		
N/Av.: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable Und.: Undetermined N/E: Not Established					

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidants, strong bases, mineral acids, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	In combustion: nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

11. Toxicolo	gical informat	ion				
Numerical measures of toxicity	Butyl acetate (norma	l)	-	10768 mg/kg >32.5 mg/l/4h >17600 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 LC50
·	Acetone		Ingestion		Rat Rat Rabbit	LD50 LC50
	Ethyl Alcohol		Ingestion	7060 mg/kg 39 mg/l/4h 20000 mg/kg	Rat Mouse Rabbit	LD50 LC50
	Nitrocellulose n-Butyl Alcohol		Ingestion Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg 790 mg/kg	Rat Rat	LD50 LD50
	Urea polymer with fo	ormaldehyde, isobutylated	Skin	24.2 mg/l/4h 3400 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	Rat Rabbit Rat	LC50 LD50 LD50
	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adi		Skin	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	Rabbit Rat	
			Inhalation Skin	>5.7 mg/l/4h 17297 mg/kg	Rat Rabbit	
	Isobutyl alcohol		-	2460 mg/kg 19.2 mg/l/4h 3400 mg/kg	Rat Rat Rabbit	LD50 LC50 LD50
	Isopropyl alcohol Xylene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		Ingestion	5045 mg/kg 66.1 mg/l/4h 6280 mg/kg	Rat Rat Rat	LD50 LC50 LD50
			Ingestion Inhalation	3523 mg/kg 27.6 mg/l/4h	Rat Rat	LD50 LC50
			-	3200 mg/kg 5000 mg/kg 18 mg/l/4h	Rabbit Rat Rat	LD50 LD50 LC50
	Ethylbenzene		•	>3160 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg 17.3 mg/l/4h 15380 mg/kg	Rabbit Rat Rat Rabbit	LD50 LC50
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation	, ingestion.				
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact Skin contact	May cause eye irritation. May cause a burning sensation. May cause skin irritation. Prolonged and repeated contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin. Widespread contact with skin for several hours can cause harmful amounts of material to be absorbed.				
	Inhalation	Excessive inhalation is harmful. May cause slight upper respiratory tract irritation. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, nausea, fatigue, drowsiness, unconsciousness. The severity of symptoms may vary depending on exposure conditions. Prolonged exposure may cause damage to liver, kidneys, lungs and blood forming organs.				
	Ingestion	May cause gastro-intestinal irritation with nausea and vomiting. Contains a substance that can cause target organ damage, according to data obtained on animals.				
	Respiratory or skin sensitization IARC/NTP	This product is not a skin or respiratory sensitizer.				
	Classification	Common name IARC NTP Ethylbenzene 2B - IARC: 1- Carcinogenic; 2A- Probably carcinogenic; 2B- Possibly carcinogenic. NTP: K- Known to be carcinogens; R- Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens.				
	Carcinogenicity					

	Teratogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	Contains an ingredient possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B, IARC). The risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. This material is not known to cause teratogenic effect. This material is not known to cause mutagenic effect. Xylene overexposure may affect fetal development in laboratory animals by inhalation during pregnancy.	
Interactive effects	No information available for this product.		
Other information	Target organs: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. blood forming organs. The acute toxicity estimate (ATE) by inhalation of the mixture was calculated to be greater than 20 mg/L/4h. This value is classified according to GHS. The oral and skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 2000 mg/kg. These values are not classified according to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA 2012.		

12. Ecological information			
Ecological toxicity	N/Av. LC50 N/Av.		
Persistence	No information available for this product.		
Degradability	No information available for this product.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available for this product.		
Mobility in soil	No information available for this product.		
Other adverse effects	No information available for this product.		

13. Disposal considerations

Container

Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT dispose residue in sewers, streams or drinking water supply. Paint residues including lacquer, thinner, stain, shellac, varnish, polish can be reprocessed everywhere there is a recycling program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport inf	ormation			
UN Number	UN 1263			
UN Proper Shipping Name	PAINT			
Environmental hazards	This material is not listed as a marine pollutant.			
Special precautions for user	No information available.			
TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)				
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3			
Packing group	II			

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Transport Classification Regulated UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG II. IATA - International Air Transport Association Classification Regulated UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG II.

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

15. Regulatory information

Other regulations

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA:

- Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA):

All ingredients are listed in the TSCA Inventory.

- EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Ethylbenzene (CAS no. 100-41-4).

Xylenes (CAS no. 1330-20-7).

n-Butyl Alcohol (CAS no. 71-36-3).

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS no. 95-63-6).

- California Proposition 65:

Contains ingredients that can cause cancer according to the state of California.

Ethylbenzene (CAS no. 100-41-4).

CANADA:

- Canada DSL and NDSL:

All ingredients are listed in the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

- Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances (NPRI):

Ethylbenzene (CAS no. 100-41-4).

Xylenes (CAS no. 1330-20-7).

Isopropyl alcohol (CAS no. 67-63-0).

Ethyl alcohol (CAS no. 64-17-5).

n-Butyl acetate (CAS no. 123-86-4).

Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) adipate (CAS no. 103-23-1).

n-Butyl Alcohol (CAS no. 71-36-3).

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS no. 95-63-6).

Isobutyl alcohol (CAS no. 78-83-1).

WHMIS 1988





B2

D2A D2B

Class B2: Flammable Liquid

Class D2A: Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D2B: Toxic material causing other toxic effects

HMIS



NFPA



16. Other information

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2015-03-06
Version	02

Other information

DATE OF FIRST VERSION OF SDS:

2014-10-14

CHANGES MADE IN THE VERSION 02:

section 1.

REFERENCES:

- Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases,

http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php

- Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca
- NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html
- IPCS INCHEM, Chemical Safety Information from Intergovernmental Organizations, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Copyright International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), http://www.inchem.org

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min)

TWA: Time Weighted Averages

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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