

Safety Data Sheet The Craftsman Collection WOODSMOKE



1. Identification				
Product identifier	The Craftsman Collection WOODSN	The Craftsman Collection WOODSMOKE		
Product code	CC003			
Other means of identification	N/Av.			
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	PAINT.			
Manufacturer	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036 Tel. 1-800-262-5710 Fax 1-405-262-9310 www.geminicoatings.com	Distributor	Gemini Industries, Inc. 850 Flint Road Toronto, Ontario Canada M3J 2T7 Tel. 1-800-262-5710	
Emergency phone number	INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500 (French & English) 24-hour PPG Architectural Coatings Canada Inc. 1-450-442-7999, 8h00-17h00 HAZMAT Response and MSDS help: EMI 800-510-8510			

2. Hazard identification

Summary Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

WHMIS 2015/OSHA HCS 2012/GHS



Flammable liquids (Category 3) Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 2) Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 2A) Skin sensitizer (Category 1) Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 1B) Carcinogenicity (Category 1B) Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B) Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

DANGER

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

- H350: May cause cancer
- H340: May cause genetic defects
- H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation
- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction
- P201: Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+310+331: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+313: If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321: Specific treatment (see on this label).

P362+364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+378: In case of fire: Use the National Fire Protection Association Class B extinguisher for extinction.

P403+235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients				
Common name	CAS	Weight % content		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16)	64742-94-5	39 - 40 %		
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	30 - 31 %		
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	3.5 - 4.5 %		
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	3.5 - 4.5 %		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3.5 - 4.5 %		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3.5 - 4.5 %		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	64742-95-6	2.5 - 3.5 %		
Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	1.5 - 2.5 %		
Carbon black	1333-86-4	1 - 2 %		
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1 %		

4. First-aid	4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.			
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.			
Eye contact	IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.			
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.			
Other	No information available.			

Symptoms	Aspiration hazards into the lungs (ingestion/vomiting). Can enter lungs and cause damage. Signs of lung involvement include increased respiratory rate, increased heart rate, and a bluish discoloration of the skin. Coughing, choking and gagging are often noted at the time of aspiration.
Notes to the physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting n	5. Fire-fighting measures				
Suitable extinguishing media	Class B extinguishers. Dry chemicals, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use direct water jet.				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to an ignition source distant from the material handling point. May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.				
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Water stream can scatter and spread fire. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.				

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U . A	661 0	Giilai		C 43C	III Gel	54165

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry in sewer and other enclosed area. For a large spillage, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the area well. Stay against the wind spill. Make sure you have a fire extinguisher near you. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Use non-sparkling and antistatic tools. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite, Dustbane) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Finish cleaning by rinsing with soapy water the contaminated surface.

7. Handling and storage				
Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Use non-sparkling and antistatic tools. Ground/bond all containers when transfer large quantities (5 gallons US or 20 L and more). Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapor or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. Keep containers tightly closed when not used. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid), all hazard precautions given in this sheet must be observed. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toilet articles. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rags, steel wool and paper towels soaked with this product may overheat and spontaneously ignite if piled in a heap. After use immediately store them in water-filled metal can with tight fitting lid.			
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). Store tightly closed and in properly labelled container in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10).			

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	Naphthale Titanium o 2-Butoxye Synthetic	ene: 250 ppm dioxide: 5000 ethanol: 700 p Amorphous F ack: 1750 mg	mg/m3. opm. Fumed Silica: 3000	-		
Stoddard solvent (Mineral	Spirits)	STEL			580 mg/m ³	BC
Υ.	. ,	TWA (8h)			290 mg/m ³	BC
		()		100 ppm	525 mg/m ³	ACGIH , ON, RSST
				500 ppm	2900 mg/m ³	OSHA
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		TWA (8h)		25 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON, OSHA
				25 ppm	123 mg/m ³	RSST
Titanium dioxide		TWA (8h)	Total Dust		10 mg/m ³	ACGIH , BC, ON, RSST
			Total Dust		15 mg/m ³	OSHA
2-Butoxyethanol		TWA (8h)		20 ppm		ACGIH , BC, ON
				20 ppm	97 mg/m ³	RSST
				50 ppm	240 mg/m ³	OSHA
Naphthalene		STEL		15 ppm		BC
				15 ppm	78 mg/m ³	ON
				15 ppm	79 mg/m ³	ACGIH , RSST
		TWA (8h)		10 ppm		BC , OSHA
• · · · • • •				10 ppm	52 mg/m ³	ACGIH , ON, RSST
Synthetic Amorphous Furr	ned Silica	TWA (8h)	Respirable Dust		1.5 mg/m ³	BC
			Respirable Dust		3 mg/m ³	ACGIH , ON
			Total Dust		4 mg/m ³	BC
			Respirable Dust		6 mg/m ³	RSST
			Total Dust		10 mg/m ³	ACGIH , ON
Carbon black		Ceiling			3.5 mg/m ³	OSHA
		TWA (8h)			3 mg/m ³	ACGIH , BC, ON
Xylene		STEL		150 ppm	3.5 mg/m ³	RSST ACGIH , BC, ON
Лујене		STEL		150 ppm 150 ppm	651 mg/m ³	RSST
				150 ppm 150 ppm	655 mg/m ³	OSHA
		TWA (8h)		100 ppm	000 mg/m	ACGIH , BC, ON
				100 ppm	434 mg/m ³	RSST
				100 ppm	655 mg/m ³	OSHA
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general and/or local exhaust) to keep the airborn concentrations of vapors, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits					
Individual protection me	asures					
-			rick of contact with		abamical aplach	agadoo
Eye		ry glasses. If	risk of contact with	i eyes wear	chemical spiasn	<u> </u>
Hands	impermea	bility. Discard	d gloves that show	tears, pinho	les, or signs of w	sing, user should confirm ear. Gloves must only be wo using gloves, hands should b

 washed and dried thoroughly. Disposable nitrile gloves can also be used, but discard after single use.

 Skin
 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer

	code. Wear synthetic apron, if necessary, to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with skin.
Respiratory	Respiratory protection equipment (PPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and CSA Standard Z 94.4 and approved by NIOSH / MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in enclosed area until maximum 10 times of exposure limit, wear half mask respirator with organic vapors cartridges and fitted with a particulate filter.
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.

9. Physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Combustible	
Colour	Coloured	Flammability limits	N/Av.	
Odour	Solvent	Flash point	44°C (111.2°F)	
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	226°C (438.8°F)	
рН	N/Ap.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	Yes	
Melting point	N/Ap.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	N.Av.	
Freezing point	N/Ap.	Vapour density	>1 (Air = 1)	
Boiling point	150°C (302°F)	Relative density	0.949 kg/L (Water = 1)	
Solubility	N/Av.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.	
Evaporation rate	> Acétate de butyle	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.	
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.	
Percent Volatile	88.1%	Molecular mass	N/Ap.	
N/Av.: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable Und.: Undetermined N/E: Not Established				

10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	No information available.			
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.			
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidants, strong bases, mineral acids, strong acids.			
Hazardous decomposition products	In combustion: nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides (CO, CO2).			

11. Toxicolo	ogical informat	ion								
Numerical	Mixture		Inhalatior	1 484 mg/l	Rat	LC50				
measures of			Skin	2055 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
toxicity	Solvent naphtha (pet	roleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16)	Ingestion	7050 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalation	1 >5.2 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	>2000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
	Stoddard solvent (Mi	neral Spirits)	Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalation	12 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	>3000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenze	ene	Ingestion	5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalatior	18 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	>3160 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	2-Butoxyethanol		Ingestion	560 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalation	2.21 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	220 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	Titanium dioxide		Ingestion	>10000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalatior	1 >6.82 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	>10000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	Naphthalene		Ingestion	533 mg/kg		LD50				
			Inhalation	1 >1 mg/l/1h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	>2500 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	Solvent naphtha (pet	roleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	Ingestion	8400 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalation	1 >5.2 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	>3750 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	Synthetic Amorphous	s Fumed Silica	Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalation	>2.08 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	>5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	Carbon black		Ingestion	>15400 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Skin	>3000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
	Xylene		Ingestion	3523 mg/kg	Rat	LD50				
			Inhalatior	1 27.6 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50				
			Skin	3200 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50				
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation	, ingestion.								
Delayed, immediate and chronic effects	Eye contact Skin contact	May cause irritation, redness, tearing May cause redness, redness ou ranskin drying, irritation or dermatitis. cause harmful amounts of material	ish. Prolonç Widesprea	ged and repeate d contact with s		-				
	Inhalation	Excessive inhalation is harmful. Ma	ay cause in	ritation to nose,	throat a	and respiratory				
		tract. High concentrations may cau								
		characterized by headache, dizziness, nausea, fatigue, drowsiness, unconsciousnes asphyxia. The severity of symptoms may vary depending on exposure conditions. Prolonged exposure may cause liver, kidney, lung and blood forming organs damages. Repeated overexposure may cause brain damage, damage to the central								
		nervous system.	,	5	,					
	Ingestion	May cause gastro-intestinal irritation inhaled into the lungs (ingestion/voorgan damage, according to data of	omiting). Co	ontains a substa	-					
	Respiratory or skin Methyl ethyl ketoxime is a strong skin sensitizer (Guinea pig, OECD Guideline 40 sensitization									
	IRAC/NTP	Common name IRAC NTP								
	Classification	Titanium dioxide 2B -								
		Naphthalene 2B R								
		Carbon black 2B -								
		IARC : 1- Carcinogenic; 2A- Probably carcinogeni								
		NTP : K- Known to be carcinogens; R- Reasonabl	y anticipated to	be carcinogens.						

	Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	Contains substances that can cause cancer based on animal data. The risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Contains ingredient(s) known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cells. Evidence of reproductive effects in laboratory animals.					
Interactive effects	No information avai	No information available for this product.					
Other information	Target organs: brai	in, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs, blood forming organs.					

12. Ecologic	al information						
Ecological toxicity	Oncorhynchus mykissLC502.34 mg/L - 96 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16))*Daphnia magnaEC500.95 mg/L - 48 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16))*Oncorhynchus mykissLC500.91-2.82 mg/L - 96 h (naphthlene)*Daphnia magnaEC501.09-3.4 mg/L - 48 h (naphthlene)*Pimephales promelasLC507.19-8.28 mg/L - 96 h (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)*Daphnia magnaEC506.14 mg/L - 48 h (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)*Oncorhynchus mykissLC509.22 mg/L - 96 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10))*Daphnia magnaEC506.14 mg/L - 48 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10))*						
Persistence	No information available for this product.						
Degradability	No information available for this product.						
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available for this product.						
Mobility in soil	No information available for this product.						
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer. Uncontrolled release of the product may result in contamination of air, ground, waterways and/or sewers. *Data from Gemini Coatings safety data sheet.						

13. Disposal considerations

Container

Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT throw residual to sewer, streams, sewers or drinking water supply. DO NOT puncture, cut, heat or burn container, even after use. Paint residues including lacquer, thinner, stain, shellac, varnish, polish can be reprocessed everywhere there is a recycling program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport information							
UN Number	UN 1263						
UN Proper Shipping Name	PAINT						
Environmental hazards	Contains an ingredient which is a marine pollutant.						
Special precautions Permit required for transportation with proper placards displayed on vehicle. for user Permit required for transportation with proper placards displayed on vehicle.							
TDG - Transportation of	TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)						

Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3
Packing group	III
IMO/IMDG - Internationa	I Maritime Transport
Classification	UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG III.
IATA - International Air	Transport Association
Classification	UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG III.
	re provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper arging in addition if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the chipper to define the application of it.

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16)	64742-94-5	Х	Х		Х
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	Х	Х		Х
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Х	Х		Х
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		Х		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Х	Х		Х
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Х	Х		Х
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	64742-95-6	Х	Х		Х
Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica	112945-52-5		Х		
Carbon black	1333-86-4		Х		
Xylene	1330-20-7	Х	Х		Х

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act

- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

Common name	CAS	TSCA	CERCLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	CWA 311	CWA Priority
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16)	64742-94-5	x								
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	x								
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Х								
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Х		Х						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Х		Х	Х					
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	64742-95-6	x								
Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	x								
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Х								

Xylene	1330-20-7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
TCCA: Tavia Cub	atomaa Control Aat							

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act

- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances

- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals

- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances - CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant

- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Organic National Emission Sta - CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants

- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act - Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention

- CWA 311: Clean Water Act - List of Hazardous Substances

- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act - Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

Common name	CAS	Cancer	Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Х	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Х	
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Х	

Other regulations WHMIS 1988 Image: With the second secon

16. Other information Date GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2015-12-11 (YYYY-MM-DD) 01 Version Other REFERENCES: information - Original safety data sheet (product code CC003) from Gemini Coatings. Date prepared: 2015-10-20. - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CSST), http://www.reptox.csst.gc.ca - NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html - IPCS INCHEM, Chemical Safety Information from Intergovernmental Organizations, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Copyright International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), http://www.inchem.org - IUCLID Chemical Dataset, European Chemical Substances Information System (ESIS), Joint Research Centre, http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu - OECD Existing Chemicals Database, Chemicals Screening Information DataSet (SIDS) for High Volume Chemicals, UNEP publications, http://webnet.oecd.org/HPV/UI/Search.aspx

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec) GHS: Globally Harmonized System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither Préventis System nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.