

Safety Data Sheet The Craftsman Collection SHAKER MAPLE



1. Identification	1. Identification			
Product identifier	The Craftsman Collection SHAKER	MAPLE		
Product code	CC002			
Other means of identification	N/Av.			
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	PAINT.			
Manufacturer	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036 Tel. 1-800-262-5710 Fax 1-405-262-9310 www.geminicoatings.com	Distributor	Gemini Industries, Inc. 850 Flint Road Toronto, Ontario Canada M3J 2T7 Tel. 1-800-262-5710	
Emergency phone number	INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500 (French & English) 24-hour PPG Architectural Coatings Canada Inc. 1-450-442-7999, 8h00-17h00 HAZMAT Response and MSDS help: EMI 800-510-8510			

2. Hazard identification

Summary Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

WHMIS 2015/OSHA HCS 2012/GHS



Flammable liquids (Category 3) Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 2) Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 2A) Skin sensitizer (Category 1) Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 1B) Carcinogenicity (Category 1B) Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B) Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

DANGER

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

- H350: May cause cancer
- H340: May cause genetic defects
- H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation
- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction
- P201: Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+310+331: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+313: If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321: Specific treatment (see on this label).

P362+364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+378: In case of fire: Use the National Fire Protection Association Class B extinguisher for extinction.

P403+235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredient	ts	
Common name	CAS	Weight % content
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16)	64742-94-5	35 - 36 %
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	28 - 29 %
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	8 - 9 %
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	4.5 - 5.5 %
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3.5 - 4.5 %
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	2 - 3 %
Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	1 - 2 %
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	64742-95-6	0.5 - 1.5 %
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1 %
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	0.1 - 1 %
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1 %

4. First-aid	4. First-aid measures		
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.		
Skin contact	Wash skin with warm water and mild soap for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.		
Eye contact	IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.		
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately.		

Other	No information available.
Symptoms	Aspiration hazards into the lungs (ingestion/vomiting). Can enter lungs and cause damage. Signs of lung involvement include increased respiratory rate, increased heart rate, and a bluish discoloration of the skin. Coughing, choking and gagging are often noted at the time of aspiration.
Notes to the physician	Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting r	5. Fire-fighting measures		
Suitable extinguishing media	Class B extinguishers. Dry chemicals, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use direct water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to an ignition source distant from the material handling point. May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.		
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Water stream can scatter and spread fire. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.		

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.
Environmental precautions	Prevent entry in sewer and other enclosed area. For a large spillage, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the area well. Stay against the wind spill. Make sure you have a fire extinguisher near you. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Use non-sparkling and antistatic tools. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite, Dustbane) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Finish cleaning by rinsing with soapy water the contaminated surface.

7. Handling and	7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Use non-sparkling and antistatic tools. Ground/bond all containers when transfer large quantities (5 gallons US or 20 L and more). Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapor or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. Keep containers tightly closed when not used. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid), all hazard precautions given in this sheet must be observed. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toilet articles. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rags, steel wool and paper towels soaked with this product may overheat and spontaneously ignite if piled in a heap. After use immediately store them in water-filled metal can with tight fitting lid.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). Store tightly closed and in properly labelled container in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and		

	kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10).
Storage temperature	10 to 25°C (50 to 77°F)

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits): 20000 mg/m3. Titanium dioxide: 5000 mg/m3. 2-Butoxyethanol: 700 ppm. Naphthalene: 250 ppm. Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica: 3000 mg/m3. Xylenes: 900 ppm. Carbon Black: 1750 mg/m3.					
Stoddard solvent (Minera	l Spirits)	STEL TWA (8h)		100 ppm	580 mg/m ³ 290 mg/m ³ 525 mg/m ³	BC BC ACGIH , ON, RSST
Titanium dioxide		TWA (8h)	Total Dust Total Dust	500 ppm	2900 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ 15 mg/m ³	OSHA ACGIH , BC, ON, RSST OSHA
2-Butoxyethanol		TWA (8h)		20 ppm 20 ppm 50 ppm	97 mg/m ³ 240 mg/m ³	ACGIH , BC, ON RSST OSHA
Naphthalene		STEL		15 ppm 15 ppm 15 ppm 15 ppm	78 mg/m ³ 79 mg/m ³	BC ON ACGIH , RSST
		TWA (8h)		10 ppm 10 ppm	52 mg/m ³	BC , OSHA ACGIH , ON, RSST
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		TWA (8h)		25 ppm 25 ppm	123 mg/m ³	ACGIH , BC, ON, OSHA RSST
Synthetic Amorphous Fur	ned Silica	TWA (8h)	Respirable Dust Respirable Dust Total Dust Respirable Dust Total Dust		1.5 mg/m ³ 3 mg/m ³ 4 mg/m ³ 6 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³	BC ACGIH , ON BC RSST ACGIH , ON
Xylene		STEL		150 ppm 150 ppm 150 ppm	651 mg/m ³ 655 mg/m ³	ACGIH , BC, ON RSST OSHA
		TWA (8h)		100 ppm 100 ppm 100 ppm	434 mg/m ³ 655 mg/m ³	ACGIH , BC, ON RSST OSHA
Carbon black		Ceiling TWA (8h)			3.5 mg/m ³ 3 mg/m ³ 3.5 mg/m ³	OSHA ACGIH RSST
Methyl ethyl ketoxime		TWA (8h)		10 ppm	36 mg/m ³	US AIHA
Appropriate engineering controls) to keep the airborn e occupational exposure limit
Individual protection me	easures					
Eye	Wear safe	ty glasses. If	risk of contact with	n eyes wear	chemical splash	goggles.
Hands	impermeal on clean h	oility. Discard ands. Wash	l gloves that show gloves with water b	tears, pinho pefore remo	les, or signs of w	sing, user should confirm rear. Gloves must only be wor using gloves, hands should be ed, but discard after single

	use.
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. Wear synthetic apron, if necessary, to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with skin.
Respiratory	Respiratory protection equipment (PPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and CSA Standard Z 94.4 and approved by NIOSH / MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in enclosed area until maximum 10 times of exposure limit, wear half mask respirator with organic vapors cartridges and fitted with a particulate filter.
Feet	Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid	Flammability	Combustible
Colour	Coloured	Flammability limits	N/Av.
Odour	Solvent	Flash point	44°C (111.2°F)
Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	226°C (438.8°F)
рН	N/Ap.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	Yes
Melting point	N/Ap.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	N.Av.
Freezing point	N/Ap.	Vapour density	>1 (Air = 1)
Boiling point	150°C (302°F)	Relative density	0.963 kg/L (Water = 1)
Solubility	N/Av.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.
Evaporation rate	> Acétate de butyle	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.
Percent Volatile	88.9%	Molecular mass	N/Ap.
N/Av.: Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable Und.: Undetermined N/E: Not Established			

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidants, strong bases, mineral acids, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	In combustion: nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

11. Toxicolo	ogical informat	ion				
Numerical	Mixture		Inhalation	563 mg/l	Rat	LC50
measures of			Skin	2015 mg/kg	Rabbit	
toxicity	Solvent naphtha (pet	Ingestion	7050 mg/kg	Rat	LD50	
			Inhalation	>5.2 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
			Skin	>2000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
	Stoddard solvent (Mi	neral Spirits)	Ingestion	>5000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
			Inhalation	>12 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
			Skin	>3000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	Titanium dioxide		Ingestion	>10000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
			Inhalation	>6.82 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
			Skin	>10000 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50
	2-Butoxyethanol		Ingestion	560 mg/kg	Rat	LD50
				2.21 mg/l/4h	Rat	LC50
			Skin	220 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	Naphthalene		-	533 mg/kg		LD50
				>1 mg/l/1h		LC50
			Skin	>2500 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenze	ne	-	5000 mg/kg		LD50
				18 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	>3160 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	Synthetic Amorphous	s Fumed Silica	-	>5000 mg/kg		LD50
				>2.08 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	>5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	Solvent naphtha (pet	roleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	-	8400 mg/kg		LD50
				>5.2 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	>3750 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	Methyl ethyl ketoxime	9	-	2326 mg/kg		LD50
				20 mg/l/4h		LC50
			Skin	<2000 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	Carbon black		•	>15400 mg/kg		LD50
	Vulana		Skin	>3000 mg/kg		
	Xylene		-	3523 mg/kg		
			Skin	27.6 mg/l/4h	Rat Rabbit	LC50
			SKIN	3200 mg/kg	Карри	LDOU
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation	, ingestion.				
Delayed,	Eye contact	May cause irritation, redness, tearing	ng and blur	red vision.		
immediate and	Skin contact	May cause redness, redness ou ra	-		ed conta	act may cause
chronic effects		skin drying, irritation or dermatitis.		, i		2
		cause harmful amounts of material				
	Inhalation	Excessive inhalation is harmful. Ma				
		tract. High concentrations may cau		•	•	
		characterized by headache, dizzine asphyxia. The severity of symptom				
		Prolonged exposure may cause live				
		damages. Repeated overexposure	•	-	-	
		nervous system.				
	Ingestion	May cause gastro-intestinal irritatio				
		inhaled into the lungs (ingestion/vo	• /		nce tha	it can cause target
		organ damage, according to data o			0505	0
	Respiratory or skin sensitization	Methyl ethyl ketoxime is a strong s	kin sensitiz	er (Guinea pig,	OFCD	Guideline 406).

	IRAC/NTP Classification	Common name IRAC NTP Titanium dioxide 2B - Naphthalene 2B R Carbon black 2B - IARC : 1- Carcinogenic; 2A- Probably carcinogenic; 2B- Possibly carcinogenic. NTP : K- Known to be carcinogens; R- Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens.				
	Carcinogenicity	Contains substances that can cause cancer based on animal data. The risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.				
	Mutagenicity	Contains ingredient(s) known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cells.				
	Reproductive toxicity	Evidence of reproductive effects in laboratory animals.				
Interactive effects	No information avai	ilable for this product.				
Other information	Target organs: brai	n, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs, blood forming organs.				

12. Ecologic	cal information					
Ecological toxicity	Oncorhynchus mykissLC502.34 mg/L - 96 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16))*Daphnia magnaEC500.95 mg/L - 48 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16))*Oncorhynchus mykissLC500.91-2.82 mg/L - 96 h (naphthlene)*Daphnia magnaEC501.09-3.4 mg/L - 48 h (naphthlene)*Pimephales promelasLC507.19-8.28 mg/L - 96 h (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)*Daphnia magnaEC506.14 mg/L - 48 h (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene)*Oncorhynchus mykissLC509.22 mg/L - 96 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10))*Daphnia magnaEC506.14 mg/L - 48 h (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10))*					
Persistence	No information available for this product.					
Degradability	No information available for this product.					
Bioaccumulative potential	No information available for this product.					
Mobility in soil	No information available for this product.					
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer. Uncontrolled release of the product may result in contamination of air, ground, waterways and/or sewers. *Data from Gemini Coatings safety data sheet.					

13. Disposal considerations

Container

Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT throw residual to sewer, streams, sewers or drinking water supply. DO NOT puncture, cut, heat or burn container, even after use. Paint residues including lacquer, thinner, stain, shellac, varnish, polish can be reprocessed everywhere there is a recycling program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport information					
UN Number	UN 1263				
UN Proper Shipping Name	PAINT				
Environmental hazards	Contains an ingredient which is a marine pollutant.				

Permit required for transportation with proper placards displayed on vehicle.					
of Dangerous Goods (Canada)					
Class 3					
Ш					
al Maritime Transport					
UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG III.					
r Transport Association					
UN 1263. PAINT. Class 3, PG III.					

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16)	64742-94-5	Х	Х		Х
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	Х	Х		Х
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		Х		
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Х	Х		Х
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Х	Х		Х
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Х	Х		Х
Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica	112945-52-5		Х		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	64742-95-6	Х	Х		Х
Carbon black	1333-86-4		Х		
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	Х	Х		
Xylene	1330-20-7	Х	Х		Х

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act

- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

Common name	CAS	TSCA	CERCLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	CWA 311	CWA Priority
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic (C9-C16)	64742-94-5	x								
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	x								
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Х		Х						
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	Х								
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Х		Х	Х					
	112945-52-5	X								

Synthetic Amorphous Fumed Silica								
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (C8 to C10)	64742-95-6	х						
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Х						
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	96-29-7	Х						
Xylene	1330-20-7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act

- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances

- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals

- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances

- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant

- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants

- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act - Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention

- CWA 311: Clean Water Act List of Hazardous Substances
- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

Common name	CAS	Cancer	Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Х	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Х	
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Х	

Other regulations

-	WHMIS 1988 $\overbrace{D1A}^{WHMIS}$ $\overbrace{D2A}^{WHMIS}$ $\overbrace{D2A}^{WIS}$ $\overbrace{D2}^{WIS}$ $\overbrace{D2}^{$
	Class D2B : Toxic material causing other toxic effects HMIS NFPA 3 Heath 3 Flamability 1 Reactivity ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

16. Other information						
Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	GEMINI INDUSTRIES, INC. 2015-12-11					
Version	01					
Other information	 REFERENCES: Original safety data sheet (product code CC002) from Gemini Coatings. Date prepared: 2015-10-20. Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CSST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html 					

- IPCS INCHEM, Chemical Safety Information from Intergovernmental Organizations, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Copyright International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), http://www.inchem.org
- IUCLID Chemical Dataset, European Chemical Substances Information System (ESIS), Joint Research Centre, http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu
- OECD Existing Chemicals Database, Chemicals Screening Information DataSet (SIDS) for High Volume Chemicals, UNEP publications, http://webnet.oecd.org/HPV/UI/Search.aspx
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association
HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NTP: National Toxicology Program
RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec)
GHS: Globally Harmonized System
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
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