

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **SECTION 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information**

Product Name: AEROSOL WC SANDING SEALER Product Code: AWCSS

Manufactured by: Gemini Coatings 2300 Holloway Drive El Reno, OK 73036 800-262-5710

24- Hour Emergency (Spill, Leak, Exposure or Accident): INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500

# 24- Hour Emergency HAZMAT Response and MSDS Help: EMI 800-510-8510

Product Use: A protective and/or decorative finish or accompanying product (reference label or product data sheet for more information).

Not recommended for: Any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label.

#### **SECTION 2 - Hazards Identification**

# **GHS Ratings:**

Flammable aerosol Gas under pressure	1 Compressed g	Flammable aerosol class 1 Entirely gaseous at -50°C
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days
Reproductive toxin	1A	Based on human evidence
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.

# **GHS Hazards**

H222	Extremely flammable material
H280	Contains gas under pressure;
	may explode if heated
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and
	enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H360	May damage fertility or the
	unborn child

### **GHS Precautions**

P201 P202	Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and
P210	understood Keep away from heat/sparks/open
	flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other igntion source
P251	Pressurized container – Do not pierce or burn, even after use
P264	Wash any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P321	Specific treatment (see First Aid section on this label)
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water

P305+P351+P33 8	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
P337+P313	Get medical advice/attention
P405	Store locked up
P410+P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F
P501	Do not flush to sewer, watershed or waterway. Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, county, state and federal regulations.

Signal Word: Danger



SECTION 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients			
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Acetone 67-64-1 40% - 50%	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
Propane 74-98-6 10% - 20%	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA	See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content, explosion hazard	NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA
TOLUENE 108-88-3 10% - 20%	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
Butane 106-97-8 5% - 10%		1000 ppm STEL (explosion hazard, listed under Butane, isomers)	NIOSH: 800 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA
Nitrocellulose 9004-70-0 1% - 5%			
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4 1% - 5%	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL (listed under Butyl acetates, all isomers) 50 ppm TWA (listed under Butyl acetates, all isomers)	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL
Epoxidized soybean oil 8013-07-8 1% - 5%			
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 1% - 5%	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA 500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL

#### **SECTION 4 - First Aid Measures**

#### Inhalation:

Remove exposed individual to fresh air and assist breathing if necessary. Seek medical attention.

#### Eye Contact:

Flush eyes with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.

#### Skin: Remove (

Remove contaminated clothing, wash area immediately with soap and water. See physician if irritation persists. **Ingestion:** 

Rinse mouth out immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. <u>DO NOT</u> induce vomiting. Contact physician or poison control center immediately.

### **SECTION 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

#### Alcohol Foam, CO2, Dry Chemical

Do not puncture or incinerate container. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause container to burst. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, sparks, heaters, smoking, electrical motors or static discharge distant from handling pot.

Burning may produce oxides of nitrogen and carbon.

Clear fire area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined space without helmet, face shield, bunker coat, gloves, rubber boots and a positive pressure NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus. A water stream can scatter flames. A spray of water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible auto ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

#### **SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

Stay upwind and away from spill or leak unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Stop and/or contain discharge if it may be done safely. Keep all sources of ignition away. Ventilate area of spill. Use non-sparking tools for clean up. Cover with inert material to reduce fumes. Keep out of drains, sewer or waterways.

If large spill occurs, alert spill response teams. Contact fire authorities. Notify local health and pollution control agencies.

#### **SECTION 7- Handling and Storage**

#### Handling:

Personnel should avoid inhalation of vapors. Personal contact with the product should be avoided. Should contact be made, remove saturated clothing and flush affected skin areas with water. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazardous precautions given in thes sheet must be observed.

#### Storage:

Keep product containers cool, dry and away from sources of ignition. Use and store this product with adequate ventilation. DO NOT SMOKE in or near storage areas.

SECTION 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection			
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Acetone 67-64-1	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
Propane 74-98-6	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA	See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content, explosion hazard	NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA
TOLUENE 108-88-3	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
Butane 106-97-8		1000 ppm STEL (explosion hazard, listed under Butane, isomers)	NIOSH: 800 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA

Nitrocellulose 9004-70-0			
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL (listed under Butyl acetates, all isomers) 50 ppm TWA (listed under Butyl acetates, all isomers)	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL
Epoxidized soybean oil 8013-07-8			
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA 500 ppm STEL; 1225 mg/m3 STEL

Use local exhaust as required to control vapor concentrations. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapors.

#### **Respiratory Protection:**

If exposure exceeds TLV or PELs, use NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure.

#### Skin Protection:

Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Wear resistant gloves such as natural rubber, neoprene, buna N or nitrile. An apron should be worn to avoid skin contact.

#### Eye Protection:

Wear splash proof googles and face shield if there is a likelihood of contact with eyes.

#### **Hygenic Practices**

Wash hands thoroughly before eating or using the restroom. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and do not wear again until it has been properly laundered.

SECTION 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties			
Vapor Density Heavier Than Air	<b>Evaporation Rate</b> Faster than Butyl Acetate		
Boiling range: 34 - 126°C	Melting point: N/A		
Freezing point: N/A	Flash point: -139°F,-95°C		
Flammability: N/A	Explosive Limits: N/A		
Autoignition temperature: 170°C	Decomposition temperature: N/A		
Relative Density: N/A	Vapor Pressure N/A		
Odor threshold: N/A	pH: N/A		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.7433	Solubility: N/A		
Partition coefficient (n- N/A octanol/water):	Viscosity: N/A		
Grams VOC less water: N/A	% VOLUME VOLATILE (VOC) 53.9429		
% WT. VOLATILE (VOC) 47.3812	% Pig. by wt. 0.7608		
Lbs VOC/Gallon Solids 54.8711	<b>VOLATILE WT%</b> 90.9000		
SOLIDS VOL% 5.3449	DENSITY (Lb/Gal) 6.1898		
SPREAD @ 1 MIL 85.7320	HAPS (lbs/gl) 1.0500		
Appearance Sprayed Liquid Aerosol	Odor N/A		
Physical State Liquid Aerosol	Material VOC (g/l) 351.4369		
Coating VOC (g/l) 592.7641	Material VOC (Lb/GI) 2.9328		
Coating VOC (Lb/GI) 4.9467			

#### **SECTION 10 - Stability and Reactivity**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalines, strong mineral acids.

**Conditions to avoid:** high heat, sparks, flames, static discharge.

Hazardous Decomposition: Oxidation may produce carbon and nitrogen oxides.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### **SECTION 11 - Toxicological Information**

#### **Mixture Toxicity**

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 44mg/L Component Toxicity 108-88-3 TOLUENE Oral LD50: 2,600 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 13 mg/L (Rat) 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol Oral LD50: 1,870 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 4,059 mg/kg (Rabbit)

#### Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eyes, Ingestion

#### Skin:

Skin contact can cause redness, dryness or rash. Prolonged contact can cause irritation, dry skin, cracks, and dermititis.

#### Ingestion:

Can cause vomiting, nausea, diarrhea, and gastrointestinal irritation.

#### Inhalation:

Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and repiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation. High vapor concentrations or porlonged breathing of lower concentrations may result in damage to the liver, kidneys, lungs and blood forming organs. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Eyes:

Can cause irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision.

**Carcinogenicity:** The following chemicals comprise 0.1% or more of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing), or ACGIH (optional listing).

<u>CAŠ Number</u>	Description	, -, - (	<u>% Weight</u>	Carcinogen Rating
106-97-8	Butane		5% - 10%	Butane: EU REACH: Present (C)
				(containing >=0.1% Butadiene)

#### **SECTION 12 - Ecological Information**

#### **Ecological Information:**

Uncontrolled release of the product may result in contamination of air, ground, waterways and/or sewers.

#### Component Ecotoxicity

Acetone

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (EPA); LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 6210 - 8120 mg/L [static] (IUCLID); LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 8300 mg/L (EPA) EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static] (EPA); EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 12600 - 12700 mg/L (IUCLID)

TOLUENE	LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old, EPA); LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 12.6 mg/L [static] (EPA); LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through] (EPA); LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static] (EPA); LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 5.8 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA); LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static] (EPA); LC50 96 h Oryzias latipes 54 mg/L [static] (EPA); LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 28.2 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA); LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static] (EPA) EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static] (EPA); EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 11.5 mg/L (IUCLID) EC50 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata >433 mg/L (IUCLID); EC50 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 12.5 mg/L [static] (EPA)
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 100 mg/L [static] (EPA); LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 17 - 19 mg/L [flow-through] (EPA) EC50 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus 674.7 mg/L (IUCLID)
Epoxidized soybean oil	EC50 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus 8 mg/L (IUCLID)
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 9640 mg/L [flow-through] (IUCLID); LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 11130 mg/L [static] (IUCLID); LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus >1400000 μg/L (EPA) EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 13299 mg/L (IUCLID) EC50 96 h Desmodesmus subspicatus >1000 mg/L (IUCLID); EC50 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus >1000 mg/L (IUCLID)

**SECTION 13 - Disposal Considerations** 

Do not flush to sewer, watershed or waterway. Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, county, state and federal regulations. See Section 8 for information on exposure control and necessary personal protective equipment.

# **SECTION 14 - Transportation Information**

Ship according to the Department of Transportation (DOT) 49 CFR regulations.

Agency Proper Shipping Name

AEROSOL FLAMABLE

Freight Class: 70

DOT

UN NumberPacking GroupHazard Class19502.1

SECTION 15 - Regulatory Information

# California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986):

This product contains the follosing listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute. 108-88-3 TOLUENE

# The following ingredients are listed in the TSCA Section 8(b) Inventory (Hydrated forms of chemical substances are exempt from the inventory as mixtures; the anhydrous chemical substances, however, are reportable for the Inventory):

67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol 8013-07-8 Epoxidized soybean oil 123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate 9004-70-0 Nitrocellulose 106-97-8 Butane 108-88-3 TOLUENE 74-98-6 Propane 67-64-1 Acetone

US CAA Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List 108-88-3 TOLUENE

# US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: 67-63-0 Isopropyl alcohol

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